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St. James's, November 16.

THE following Addreſs of the Biſhop and Clergy of the Dioceſe of Cheſter, having been tranſmitted by the Right Reverend the Lord Biſhop of Cheſter, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Biſhop and Clergy of the Dioceſe of Cheſter.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

AMIDST the Acclamations of all your Majeſty's faithful and dutiful Subjects, we the Biſhop and Clergy of the Dioceſe of Cheſter, beg Leave to approach your Royal Preſence to expreſs the ſtrong Senſe we have of the manifold Bleſſings we enjoy under your moſt gracious and every Way legal Government.

This Happineſs alone, of your Majeſty's being the Miniſter of God to us for Good, is a ſufficient Demand of our moſt affectionate Attachment to your Perſon and Rule over us, and muſt influence all your Subjects to that Purpoſe, excepting ſuch wild and extravagant Wretches, of what Rank ſoever they be, whoſe Principles lead them to Confuſion and a lawleſs Power.

The Safety of your Majeſty's Perſon from Abroad, and the viſible Influence your Preſence there has had, in fixing the Imperial Diadem, to the Satisfaction of the Germanick Body, is an ample Compenſation for your Majeſty's Abſence from your Britiſh Dominions, and doubles our Joy upon your Return to a People, who with warm Hearts and open Arms receive you again into Great Britain.

The Succeſs of your Majeſty's Naval Force, in the Reduction of Cape Breton, is not only an Addition to the Security of our Trade and Commerce in the American Seas, but is a ſenſible Blow to the ambitious Deſigns of our inveterate Enemies, as well as a Recovery of our Right to that Place.

Though it cannot but be ſome Alloy to our Pleaſure, to find a rebellious Inſurrection in the North Part of this Iſland, to deſtroy our whole Conſtitution; yet that does not in the leaſt abate, but adds to our Zeal for the Maintenance of your ſacred Perſon and Government.

We have the Good of our Poſterity in View, as well as our own, and earneſtly deſire to tranſmit the Bleſſings we enjoy to our Children's Children, and lateſt Deſcendants, by a firm Adherence to a Succeſſion of Proteſtant Princes; and that, as a juſt Reward for your Majeſty's and your Royal Father's unwearied Care for the Proteſtant Intereſt, and the Liberties of Europe, as well as of theſe Kingdoms, that Succeſſion may be continued in a long, very long Deſcent in your Illuſtrious and Royal Houſe.

We renounce all Regard to a popiſh Pretender to the Britiſh Throne, ſave our making him the Object of our ſerious Deteſtation and Abhorrence. The Obligation we are under to your Majeſty, is alone to us a ſufficient Abjuration of him, and the ſtrongeſt Motive to withſtand his, and the Attempts of all his Adherents.

As your Majeſty makes the Welfare of your People, your own, we ſhould be moſt ungrateful to your Majeſty, and loſt to all Senſe of our own, and the Nation's Felicity, if we ſhould decline from that Duty we owe to your Government, and the Care incumbent on us to concur in every Means for the Safety of our holy Religion, Laws and Properties.

That your Majeſty may long ſway the Britiſh Scepter: That you may have the Hearts of your Subjects; and that God would be pleaſed to abate the Pride, aſſuage the Malice, and confound the Devices of all your Enemies both at Home and Abroad, is and ſhall be the fervent and conſtant Prayer of,

Your Majeſty's moſt obedient and faithful Subjects,

[Price Six Pence.]

The

The following Addreſs of the Synod of Lothian and Tweeddale, having been tranſmitted to the moſt Honourable the Marquis of Tweeddale, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Synod of Lothian and Tweeddale.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Miniſters and Elders of the Synod of Lothian and Tweeddale, beg Leave to take this firſt Opportunity of Meeting, which our melancholy Circumſtances could admit of, to congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe and ſeaſonable Return to your Kingdom of Great Britain, and on the happy Encreaſe of your Royal Family by the Birth of another Prince.

As we are ready to take all Occaſions of expreſſing the warmeſt Senſe of the Bleſſings we enjoy under your Majeſty's mild and auſpicious Reign; ſo we want Words to ſignify our juſt Abhorrence of the preſent unreaſonable and wicked Rebellion againſt your Majeſty's Perſon and Government, which we cannot but look upon, as an Attempt to deprive us of our deareſt and moſt valuable Intereſts in Life, as we are Free Britons and Proteſtants.

The joyful Return of a Fifth of November, naturally leads us to remember, with Hearts full of Gratitude to Almighty God, the happy Reſtoration of our Religion and Liberties, brought about by the Hand of our late glorious Deliverer King William, of immortal Memory. As we are fully perſuaded, the Continuance of theſe invaluable Bleſſings depends, under God, on your Majeſty's Government, and the Succeſſion to the Crown in your Royal Houſe, ſuch a wicked and daring Attempt, in Favour of a popiſh Pretender to your Throne, muſt be odious to all who have a juſt Value for their Religious and Civil Rights; and our Senſe of the Duties belonging to the Character we have the Honour to bear, cannot fail to inſpire us with a peculiar Deteſtation of ſuch a Deſign.

We ever did, and ever will reckon ourſelves under the ſtrongeſt Obligations to inſtill into our People the Principles of Duty and Loyalty to your Majeſty: And from the firſt Breaking out of this horrid Rebellion, have taken all Opportunies we could, to warn them of the Danger which threatned our happy Conſtitution, and to inſpire them with a becoming Zeal in Support of it: And it is with Pleaſure we can aſſure your Majeſty, that, by the Bleſſing of God, we have ſo far ſucceeded, that neither the Arts nor Induſtry of our Enemies have been able to ſeduce any Number of our People from their Duty; but, on the contrary, amidſt the moſt grievous Oppreſſions which they have ſuffered from theſe Sons of Violence, they have remained firm and unſhaken in their Attachment to your Majeſty's Perſon and Government, and have been even further confirmed in their Abhorrence of ſuch traiterous Deſigns to deprive us of the unſpeakable Bleſſings we enjoy under your moſt benign Protection.

That Almighty God may always compaſs you and your Royal Family about with his Favour, as with a Shield; may direct all your Counſels, eſpecially at this Juncture; may proſper your Arms by Sea and Land againſt the Enemies of our Peace; and, particularly, may give Protection and Conduct, Courage and Succeſs, to your Armies employed for defeating this unnatural Rebellion; ſo as, by his over-ruling Hand, this wicked Attempt may iſſue in the farther ſtrengthening of your Majeſty's Government, adding freſh Vigour to our happy Conſtitution, and greater Security to our valuable Liberties and Privileges, and in the utter Diſcouragement of all future Attempts to deprive us of them, are, and ſhall be, the hearty Prayers of,

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

Your Majeſty's moſt faithful, moſt obedient, and moſt loyal Subjects,

The Miniſters and Elders met in the Provincial Synod of Lothian and Tweeddale.

Signed in our Name, in our Preſence, and at our Appointment, by

Ja. Stevenſon, Moderator.

Edinburgh,
Nov. 5, 1745.

The following Addreſs of the Inhabitants of the Borough of Great Marlow in the County of Bucks, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Samuel Tufnell and William Ockenden, Eſqrs. their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by his Grace the Duke of St. Albans, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt-Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Inhabitants of the Borough of Great Marlow.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Inhabitants of your Majeſty's ancient Borough of Great Marlow, humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe and ſeaſonable Return to your Britiſh Dominions, after having procured, by your Majeſty's Influence, the Election of an Emperor;

Emperor; an Event of the utmoſt Importance, as being the only Means to check the ambitious Views of France, and to reſtore the Balance of Power in Europe.

'Tis to theſe your Majeſty's unwearied Endeavours for the Good of your People, we aſcribe this moſt daring and unnatural Rebellion at preſent raging in Scotland, ſpirited up by Foreign Powers, in Revenge for the glorious Part your Majeſty has been acting in the Cauſe of Liberty. For this —— we are threaten'd with an Invaſion, in Favour of a popiſh and abjur'd Pretender, bred up in Principles deſtructive of our Religious and Civil Rights. This therefore cannot but raiſe in every loyal Breaſt, a juſt Reſentment of the Injury offer'd to your Majeſty's Crown and Dignity.

As we are very ſenſible of the many Bleſſings we enjoy under your Majeſty's juſt and mild Adminiſtration, we ſhall always acknowledge them with the utmoſt Gratitude, and contribute, as far as in us lies, towards the Support of your Majeſty's undoubted Right to the Crown of theſe Realms, and the Perpetuating the Proteſtant Succeſſion in your illuſtrious Houſe.

We likewiſe with joyful Hearts take this Occaſion to congratulate your Majeſty on the additional Strength which the Proteſtant Religion has received by the Increaſe of your Royal Family; in which, under God, all our Hopes of the laſting Poſſeſſion of our Civil and Religious Liberties are placed.

That the preſent traiterous and audacious Attempt to deprive us of all theſe Bleſſings, may ſoon end in the Confuſion of your Majeſty's Enemies; the firmer Eſtabliſhment of your Throne, and the utter Extinction of the Hopes of the Pretender and his Deſcendants, is the ardent Prayer of your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Freeholders and Inhabitants of the Borough of Kelſington in the County of Cornwall, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Hon. Horatio Walpole and Thomas Copleſton, Eſqrs. their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by his Grace the Duke of St. Albans, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Freeholders and Inhabitants of the Borough of Kelſington, in the County of Cornwall.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WHEN we look back and conſider the whole Tenour of your Majeſty's Reign (as well as that of your Royal Father) to have been for the Preſervation and Support of the Conſtitution and Liberties of a brave and free People, we are aſtoniſh'd that any of your Majeſty's Subjects ſhould be ſo far infatuated, as well as guilty of the higheſt Ingratitude, to aſſiſt, or even in the leaſt to encourage the preſent moſt unnatural Rebellion, the Succeſs of which would neceſſarily be the utter Subverſion of both our Religious and Civil Rights.

We are therefore firmly reſolved, and moſt chearfully ready, with our Lives and Fortunes, at all Times and upon all Occaſions, and more immediately on this Emergency, to ſtand by and defend your Majeſty and your moſt illuſtrious Houſe, againſt all Invaders of, or Pretenders to the Imperial Crown of theſe Realms, and this founded upon ſuch juſt and honeſt, as well as grateful Principles, as muſt raiſe the moſt laudable Emulation and Exertion in all true Lovers of their Country; and it is with the greateſt Joy we already ſee ſo ſtrong a Manifeſtation thereof, in that noble and generous Ardor which hath been ſo univerſally ſhewn amongſt all Ranks and Degrees of Perſons, on this great and moſt important Occaſion.

We ſhall only farther preſume to congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe and happy Arrival to your Britiſh Dominions, and on the Succeſs of your Majeſty's Arms in the Reduction of Cape Breton. This is another convincing Proof how much your Majeſty hath ever at Heart the Proſperity and Glory of this Nation, from the vaſt Conſequence and Advantages thereof to the Trade of your Majeſty's Subjects, with a proportionable Diſappointment and Loſs to that of our Enemies.

May your Majeſty's Reign be long, happy and glorious, and (by the Bleſſing of Almighty God) may all ſecret as well as open Machinations, Conſpiracies and Rebellions againſt your Majeſty's Crown and Dignity, and Succeſſion of the ſame in your Royal Family, be for ever, and particularly at this Time, moſt effectually and ſpeedily render'd abortive, to the entire Confuſion and Demolition of ſuch execrable Traytors to their King and Country.

Theſe will always continue to be the moſt ardent Wiſhes and Endeavours of,

Great Sir,

Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects.

The following Aſſociation of the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgeſſes, Clergy and principal Inhabitants of the Borough and Town of Taunton, in the County of Somerſet, having been tranſmitted by the Right Hon. the Earl Poulett, Lord Lieutenant of the ſaid County, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented

ſented to his Majeſty: Which Aſſociation his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

An Aſſociation of the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgeſſes, Clergy and principal Inhabitants of the Borough and Town of Taunton in the County of Somerſet, met there the 25th of October 1745.

WHereas the Bleſſings of Peace and Liberty, which we have long enjoy'd under the Reigns of your Majeſty and your Royal Father, (of bleſſed Memory to every true Proteſtant) are now interrupted by a moſt horrid and unnatural Rebellion, contrived, carried on and ſupported by the avowed Enemies to our Country and the Proteſtant Religion, with an Intent to dethrone your Majeſty, and deprive your Royal Family of their undoubted Right of Succeſſion to your Dominions, and to enſlave your moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, and, inſtead of theſe Bleſſings, to ſet up Popery, arbitrary and tyrannical Government;

We, whoſe Names are hereunto ſubſcribed, being convinced that a Union of Hearts and Forces will moſt contribute to the Safety of your Majeſty and your Kingdoms, do voluntarily and freely bind ourſelves, every one of us the one to the other, jointly and ſeverally, in the Bond of one loyal Society, and do hereby ſolemnly promiſe, that, with our Lives and Eſtates, we and every one of us will ſtand by and aſſiſt each other in Defence of your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government, and will, as well by Force of Arms, as by all other effectual Means, oppoſe the preſent popiſh abjur'd Pretender, and all his traiterous Adherents, and all other Perſons and their Abettors, who ſhall attempt, act, council or conſent to any Thing tending to the Injury of your Majeſty, or any of your Royal Family; all which we declare, before God and the World, we will faithfully perform.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder and Capital Burgeſſes of the Borough of Shaftesbury in the County of Dorſet, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Peter Walter, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by his Grace the Duke of St. Albans, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder and Capital Burgeſſes of the Borough of Shaftesbury in the County of Dorſet, in Common Council aſſembled, and of the Clergy and principal Inhabitants of the ſaid Borough.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the ſaid Mayor, Recorder, Capital Burgeſſes, Clergy and principal Inhabitants of the ſaid Borough, moſt heartily congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe and ſeaſonable Arrival in your Britiſh Dominions; as alſo on the important Acquiſition of Cape Breton; the Conſequence of which needs no other Demonſtration, than the Advantages it has already produced: And we cannot, without the higheſt Ingratitude, omit paying your Majeſty our Tribute of Thanks for your indefatigable Pains and Endeavours in compaſſing the grand Point of the Election of an Emperor of Germany, not only as the Balance of Power in Europe, but alſo the Peace and Welfare of theſe Kingdoms in particular, ſo much depend upon it. And we ſolemnly aſſure your Majeſty, that we have ſuch an Abhorrence and Deteſtation of the moſt unnatural as well as ungrateful Rebellion begun in Scotland, and maliciouſly abetted by your Majeſty's Foreign Enemies in Favour of a popiſh Pretender, that we will do our utmoſt to ſuppreſs and extinguiſh it: For we ſhall not content ourſelves with a bare Profeſſion of Duty, and ſit tamely down in a State of Inactivity and Security, whilſt we ſee an Attempt made to wreſt out of your Royal Hand the Sceptre of theſe Kingdoms, (to which your Majeſty is ſo juſtly intitled) whereby we muſt neceſſarily be deprived of the Religion, Laws and Liberties, which we now ſo happily enjoy. We will neither be intimidated by the Dangers which threaten us, nor cajoled or amuſed with Jeſuitical Inſinuations of bettering our Condition. We are happy as we are under your Majeſty's moſt juſt and wiſe Adminiſtration; and we are the more ſo, in being throughly ſenſible of it. We want not the Pageantry of the Church of Rome to imbelliſh or improve our Religion, or the Maxims of Policy of France and Spain to amend our Conſtitution. And as our Forefathers have, by the late Revolution, at the Expence of all that was valuable to them, handed down to us the preſent Bleſſings of your auſpicious Reign; it ſhall be our Endeavour (by joining with the reſt of your Loyal Subjects) to tranſmit them to our lateſt Poſterity, under the Protection of your Majeſty and Royal Houſe.

Dated at the New Guildhall in the ſaid Borough, the 30th Day of October, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-five.

The following Addreſs of the High Sheriff, Juſtices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Clergy, Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Limerick,

Limerick, having been tranſmitted by his Excellency the Earl of Cheſterfield, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the High Sheriff, Juſtices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Clergy, Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Limerick, at a General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace held at St. Francis Abby in and for the ſaid County, the 8th Day of October 1745.

WE the High Sheriff, Juſtices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Clergy, Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Limerick, aſſembled, beg Leave, with faithful Hearts, to teſtify our moſt affectionate Zeal and Duty to your ſacred Majeſty; and we chearfully embrace this firſt Opportunity to congratulate your Majeſty upon your ſafe and happy Return to your Britiſh Dominions.

The Honour and Safety of your Royal Perſon and Government, and the Security of the Proteſtant Succeſſion in your illuſtrious Houſe, have been ever moſt dear and valuable to us; The many Bleſſings we have enjoyed during the Courſe of your Majeſty's auſpicious Reign, have viſibly flow'd from that Influence; and from thence only can our Poſterity hope to derive the Benefits and Privileges of a free People. Permit us, therefore, moſt Gracious Sovereign, from a juſt Spirit of our avow'd Loyalty, and a true Senſe of our Gratitude, further to teſtify to your Majeſty our Abhorrence of the preſent deſperate and daring Attempt, form'd by our inveterate Enemies to interrupt your Quiet on the Throne of theſe Kingdoms, and vainly concerted to defeat the ſeaſonable Meaſures which have been conducted, under your Majeſty's wiſe Counſels, for the Protection of the Rights and Liberties, as well of your Allies as your own People, in Support of the great Balance of Power intruſted to your Royal Care; an Attempt, more particularly to be held in the utmoſt Deteſtation by a Proteſtant People, as it appears to be aided and abetted by ſome of your Majeſty's ungrateful and Rebellious Subjects in Favour of a popiſh Pretender to your Crown and Dignities, whom we have long ſince moſt ſincerely abjured.

Under theſe Circumſtances your Majeſty has Reaſon to expect the hearty and vigorous Aſſiſtance of the reſt of your Subjects, to oppoſe and cruſh this traiterous Enterprize, ſo preſumptuouſly levell'd againſt your ſacred Perſon and Government, and tending to the utter Subverſion of our moſt excellent Conſtitution in Church and State.

We therefore beg Leave, with unanimous Affection and Duty to your Majeſty, to aſſure you, that we are firmly reſolved, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, to act in this Conjuncture with a Spirit becoming a Time of common Danger, in Support of your Majeſty's undoubted Right and Title to the Imperial Crown of theſe Realms, and the Proteſtant Succeſſion thereof in your Royal Line; upon which Eſtabliſhment alone, we are truly ſenſible our Civil and Religious Rights ſtand protected, againſt the Revenge and Tyranny of a bigotted popiſh Pretender and his Adherents.

Your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon, and the Tranquillity of your Government, being thus dear to your Subjects, we zealouſly implore the Divine Providence to give your Majeſty Length of Days, and that your Reign may continue to be as proſperous, glorious and eaſy to yourſelf, as it is beneficial and happy to your People.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Clergy, Freeholders and Citizens of the City of Limerick, having been tranſmitted by his Excellency the Earl of Cheſterfield, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Clergy, Freeholders and Citizens of the City of Limerick, at a General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace held at the Tholſel of the ſaid City, the eighth Day of October, 1745.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Clergy, Freeholders and Citizens of the City of Limerick, aſſembled, beg Leave, with the greateſt Pleaſure, to embrace the firſt Opportunity of congratulating your Majeſty on your ſafe and happy Return to your Britiſh Dominions, and aſſuring your Majeſty of our ſincere and unfeigned Zeal and Affection to your Majeſty's Perſon and Government.

All our Minds are juſtly filled with the higheſt Deteſtation and Abhorrence at the outragious and inſolent Attempt made in Favour of a popiſh and abjured Pretender, to deprive us of your moſt mild and gracious Adminiſtration, and all the many other invaluable Bleſſings we now enjoy under your Majeſty's Government as Freemen and Proteſtants. We therefore beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that not only upon this, but upon all other Occaſions, we will

be ready to ſacrifice our Lives and Fortunes, in Defence of your Majeſty's Royal Perſon and Family, and in Support of our happy Conſtitution both in Church and State.

The following Addreſs of the Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Donegall, having been tranſmitted by his Excellency the Earl of Cheſterfield, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

The humble Addreſs of the Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Donegall, aſſembled at a General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace held in and for the ſaid County, the 11th of October 1745.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

YOUR Majeſty's dutiful and loyal Subjects, humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe Return to your Britiſh Dominions; and to expreſs our Joy and Satisfaction at the happy Succeſs of your Majeſty's Arms and Counſels, which have appeared in the taking of Cape Breton, and the Election of a Grand Duke to the Imperial Dignity.

At the ſame Time it is with the utmoſt Concern and Indignation, that we ſee it is ſtill in the Power of our Foreign Enemies to ſtir up any of your Majeſty's Subjects, who call themſelves Proteſtants, in Defiance of their Religion and Laws, to take Arms in Behalf of a popiſh Pretender, even whilſt they were under your Majeſty's mild and auſpicious Government, enjoying thoſe Rights and Privileges which were the legal Forfeits of a former Rebellion.

Such Proceedings call loudly upon your Majeſty's faithful Subjects to declare their Deteſtation and Abhorrence of them, and upon the Proteſtants of this Province of Ulſter, who have already given ſufficient Proofs of their Steadineſs and Zeal for their Religion, Laws and Liberties, which can only, under God, be ſecured to them by the Safety of your Majeſty's Royal Perſon, and the Proteſtant Succeſſion in your Majeſty's illuſtrious Family, which, with the ſtrongeſt Zeal and Unanimity, they will reſolutely maintain and defend.

It is with ſingular Satisfaction that your Majeſty's faithful Subjects are now rejoicing in the wiſe and gracious Proviſion that your Majeſty makes for the Safety and Welfare of this Kingdom, in ſettling over them, in this critical Conjuncture, a Chief Governor, whoſe perſonal Qualifications and Affections to your Majeſty's Royal Perſon and Government, give us all poſſible Aſſurance, that every Thing neceſſary will be concerted for the Support of them. And may Almighty God preſerve your Majeſty's Arms in Defence of our Laws and Liberties, and confound the Devices of your Enemies both at Home and Abroad, that you may put an End to a neceſſary but ſucceſsful War, by a glorious and laſting Peace.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Sheriffs and Citizens of the County of the City of Waterford, having been tranſmitted by his Excellency the Earl of Cheſterfield, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Sheriffs and Citizens of the County of the City of Waterford, in Common Council aſſembled.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Sheriffs and Citizens of the County of the City of Waterford, in Common Council aſſembled, moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty to accept this Teſtimony of our firm Attachment to your Majeſty's Perſon and Government.

As the higheſt Senſe of the many Bleſſings we have enjoyed, and the Obligations of Intereſt, Duty and Gratitude, unite to engage us in the Support of your Majeſty upon the Throne of theſe Realms, we take this Opportunity to expreſs our Deteſtation and Abhorrence of the Attempts now made upon theſe your Kingdoms in Favour of a popiſh Pretender.

Being fully convinced that our Rights, Religion, Liberty, and all that is valuable to a free People, are only to be ſecured to us and to Poſterity, through the happy Effects of your gracious and wiſe Adminiſtration, and the Succeſſion eſtabliſhed in your Royal Family; we therefore moſt humbly beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty that we are and ſhall, at all Times and upon all Occaſions, be ready to ſacrifice our Lives and Fortunes in Defence of your Majeſty's Royal Perſon and Government, and of your Majeſty's undoubted Right to the Crown of theſe Realms, againſt all foreign Power, and againſt all Traitors or Conſpiracies whatſoever; which we humbly tender to your Majeſty under our Common Seal, this third Day of October, One thouſand ſeven hundred and forty five.

The

The following Addreſs of the High Sheriff, Juſtices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Clergy and other the Proteſtant Inhabitants of the County of Longford in the Kingdom of Ireland, having been tranſmitted by his Excellency the Earl of Cheſterfield, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the High Sheriff, Juſtices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Clergy and other the Proteſtant Inhabitants of the County of Longford, in your Majeſty's Kingdom of Ireland, at a General Seſſions of the Peace held at Longford the 8th Day of October, 1745.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the High Sheriff, Juſtices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Clergy, and other the Proteſtant Inhabitants of the County of Longford, do humbly beg Leave to give your Majeſty, in theſe Times of Danger, the ſtrongeſt Aſſurances of our Duty and Affection.

We have lived, under your Majeſty's juſt and mild Government, in the full Enjoyment of our Religious and Civil Rights, and, under God, our Hopes are placed on your Majeſty and your Royal Line, of having thoſe invaluable Bleſſings continued to us and our Poſterity. We cannot therefore but have a juſt Abhorrence of the preſent moſt unnatural Rebellion, enter'd into againſt your Majeſty, by a popiſh Pretender and his wicked Adherents in North Britain.

Our Happineſs then being ſo interwoven with the Proſperity of your Majeſty's Government, we behold their Deſigns with Indignation; and are determin'd to oppoſe them with our Lives and Fortunes; and as our Cauſe is juſt, righteous, and dear to us, ſo our Endeavours to ſupport it ſhall be hearty, vigorous and ſincere.

We cannot omit, at this Time, to return your Majeſty our humble Thanks for ſending over to us from your Councils of England, his Excellency the Earl of Cheſterfield, to conduct the Affairs of this Kingdom, in this critical Conjuncture, whoſe diſtinguiſhed Abilities, and wiſe Adminiſtration, will at this Time not only diminiſh our Apprehenſions, but alſo add to our Hopes of Security; and by that Means muſt give great Pleaſure and Satisfaction to all thoſe, who are Well-wiſhers to the true Intereſt and Proſperity of this Kingdom.

The following Addreſs of the Governor, High Sheriff, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen of the Grand Jury and Freeholders of the County of Fermanagh, having been tranſmitted by his Excellency the Earl of Cheſterfield, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

The humble Addreſs of the Governor, High-Sheriff, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen of the Grand Jury, and Freeholders of the County of Fermanagh, aſſembled at a General Seſſions held at Enniskilling the 10th Day of October 1745.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Governor, High Sheriff, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen of the Grand Jury, and Freeholders of the County of Fermanagh, think it our indiſpenſible Duty to lay hold of this Opportunity of expreſſing our juſt Reſentment and Indignation at the horrid Inſurrection of ſome of your Majeſty's ungrateful Subjects, and the inſolent Attempts of your Enemies in Support of a popiſh and abjur'd Pretender.

A Deſign ſo manifeſtly calculated to deprive us of all that is valuable to ourſelves, and all that is worth tranſmitting to our Poſterity, muſt neceſſarily incite us your faithful Subjects to the greater Zeal for your Majeſty's Service, and Support of your Government, upon which our Proſpect of Peace and Proſperity does depend.

As the Inhabitants of this Country appear'd early, and acted vigorouſly in Favour of our Great Deliverer King William, of glorious and immortal Memory, and have ever ſtedfaſtly adhered to our happy Conſtitution in Church and State, and to the Succeſſion in your illuſtrious Houſe, — Permit us, Great Sir, deeply ſenſible of the Happineſs we enjoy under the beſt of Governments, adminiſter'd by the beſt of Kings, and of the ineſtimable Value of thoſe Bleſſings, to aſſure your Majeſty of our unſhaken Reſolution to preſerve them, and to promote the publick Felicity, by uſing our Arms to deſtroy this popiſh Invader and his Adherents, and our beſt and unwearied Endeavours to render your Majeſty's Reign as eaſy and glorious to yourſelf, as it is happy and advantageous to your People.

The following Addreſs of the Governor, Deputy Governors, High Sheriff, Juſtices of the Peace, Clergy, Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Armagh, having been tranſmitted by his Excellency the Earl of Cheſterfield, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, to his Grace

Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Governor, Deputy Governors, High Sheriff, Juſtices of the Peace, Clergy, Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Armagh, now met together in order to train and exerciſe the Militia of this County, on Account of an unnatural Rebellion begun and carried on in our Neighbouring Country of North Britain, in Favour of a popiſh Pretender to your Majeſty's Crown, humbly beg Leave to throw ourſelves at your Majeſty's Feet, with our moſt ſolemn Aſſurances, that we deteſt and abhor the ſaid Rebellion; and that we will, as far as in us lies, with our Lives and Fortunes, defend and ſupport your Majeſty againſt all Pretenders and Rebels, and other your open and ſecret Enemies.

We well know, Sir, that we and all your Proteſtant Subjects of this Kingdom, have no Safety but in the Preſervation of your Majeſty and your Royal Family upon the Throne: Your Majeſty may therefore depend upon our Loyalty and Zeal for your Service, and that our Wiſhes and Prayers are, that your Majeſty may long reign over us, and your Poſterity after you, till Time ſhall be no more.

The following Aſſociation of the Corporation, Gentlemen, Clergy and Principal Inhabitants of the City and County of the City of Coventry, which is carrying into Execution by a large Subſcription, a conſiderable Part of which has been applied to the raiſing Men to ſerve in his Majeſty's Regiments, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Thomas Archer, Eſq; being introduced by his Grace the Duke of St. Albans, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Aſſociation his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

October 1, 1745.

AT a Meeting of the Corporation, Gentlemen, Clergy and Principal Inhabitants of the City and County of the City of Coventry, then had at the White Bear in the ſaid City, We whoſe Names are hereto ſubſcribed, taking into our Conſideration the Danger theſe Kingdoms are in by the Invaſion of a popiſh Pretender, ſupported by the Crowns of France and Spain, the old and inveterate Enemies of our Country, Religion and Liberties, do voluntarily and chearfully bind and aſſociate ourſelves together, jointly and ſeverally, in the Bond of one firm and loyal Society, hereby promiſing, to the utmoſt of our Endeavours, to ſupport his Majeſty's Royal Perſon and Government, and to maintain and defend the Peace of this City and County, our Perſons and Properties, againſt all Attempts whatſoever.

Petersbourg, Oct. 22. The Preparations for the March of the Ruſſian auxiliary Troops to the Aſſiſtance of the King of Poland, as Elector of Saxony, go on with the utmoſt Vigour and Diligence; ſome of them have already paſſed the Duna, and all the reſt are in Motion, and Orders are given for 60,000 Men to be put in a Condition to act.

Vienna, Nov. 6. M. Franquin, who with about 1200 Men was in a Manner ſurrounded by the Pruſſians near Libau in Sileſia, has been routed, and his Irregulars entirely diſperſed; but the Particulars of his Loſs are not yet publickly known; what is certain is, that the immenſe Plunder that he had got together, has been all retaken from him.

Berlin, Nov. 9. *N. S.* A Report is ſpread here that the Corps of Irregular Troops under General Nadaſti poſted at Friedland in Bohemia, has entered Sileſia. M. Berlichingen the Auſtrian General has obtained Leave from his Pruſſian Majeſty to go to the Bath at Wisbaden on his Parole, and upon Condition to ſtay ſome few Days firſt at Potzdam, for which laſt Place he ſet out Yeſterday Morning.

Berlin, Nov. 13, *N. S.* Wedneſday the 10th in the Morning, his Pruſſian Majeſty returned hither from Potzdam, and was followed by the reigning Prince of Anhalt. The Day after the Trophies were brought in; and all the Colours and Standards taken during this Campaign, are now hung up in the Garriſon Church. In the Evening his Majeſty was at the Rehearſal of an Opera, when a Courier arrived, whoſe Diſpatches probably muſt have been of great Importance, ſince Orders were iſſued immediately after for the March of the Regiments in Garriſon here, and accordingly that of Dragoons, Roel, and thoſe of Foot Prince Ferdinand, and Prince Leopold, marched out this Morning, and after To-morrow the Regiment of Wurtemberg is to follow them. They take the Route towards Magdebourg, but different Accounts are given as to what may have occaſioned this ſudden Reſolution. Among ſeveral Conjectures on that Head, the moſt probable ſeems to be, that Ten Thouſand Auſtrians, under General Grune, have entered the Saxon Voigtland between Hoff and Egra, and are thought to be by this Time not far from Leipzig. The Militia of this Country, which was disbanded not long ago, is re-aſſembled, and the Citizens are to be under Arms as before. A Garriſon Regiment is on its March from Pruſſia, that

that Kingdom being now left without the leaſt Defence. The reigning Prince of Anhalt has bought a Houſe here in Town. 'Tis generally reported that the King of Pruſſia is to ſet out from hence in a few Days, and to head his Army where-ever it ſhall be thought moſt neceſſary. His Majeſty's ſecond Brother Prince Henry is ſick of the Small-Pox at Croſſen.

Hamburgh, Nov. 19, *N. S.* The Regency of Prince Auguſtus of Holſtein, as Stathalter of the Dutchy of Holſtein for his Brother the Great Duke of Ruſſia, was to be declared as Yeſterday at Kiel. It is given out here, that the King of Pruſſia is ſuddenly returned to his Army in Sileſia.

Hague, Nov. 16, *N. S.* All the laſt Letters from Paris agree, that the Pretender's youngeſt Son had left that Place, in order to embark from ſome Port or other of France for one of Great Britain or Ireland. By Advices from Dunkirk of the 12th, Lord John Drummond's Regiment was embarked, the greateſt Part of them on board three large Fly-Boats: The Camp Equipage of ſeveral other Regiments is likewiſe embarked, and four or five Men of each Company of the Iriſh Brigade, and 10 Officers of each Regiment. Letters by Way of Venice mention the Reddition of Valentia, and the Enemy's having formed the Deſign of ſending their Cavalry, by Boats, down the Po, to penetrate and take Winter Quarters in the Milaneſe.

Hague, Nov. 19, *N. S.* All the French Letters are full of the Embarkation ſaid to be preparing in the French Ports, but they vary much in the Circumſtances. Some give the Command to Lord John Drummond, others to the Duke of Richelieu. The Eaſt-India Company here has now withdrawn the Demurrer it had made to the Bills of Exchange drawn upon it in Favour of Commodore Barnet by General Imhoff, and has accepted the ſame for Payment. The Auſtrian Huſſars and Free Companies had a little Affair about four Days paſt, at a Caſtle near Bruſſels, in which near 200 French were taken Priſoners

Hague, Nov. 23, *N. S.* The Letters from Paris confirm, and even thoſe from the French Court own, that Lord John Drummond's Regiment, and Detachments from the ſeveral Iriſh ones, making in all about 800 Men, were embarked at Dunkirk. As to their ſailing, all that is known with any Certainty, is, that they were not gone out of Dunkirk on the 13th Inſtant. The Marquis Pallavicini, who arrived here ſome Time ſince from Genoa, has now preſented his Credential to this Government, as Envoy Extraordinary from that Republick. Count Roſenberg, late Auſtrian Ambaſſador at the Court of Petersbourg, arrived here this Morning.

Whitehall, November 15.

Letters received laſt Night by Expreſs from Newcaſtle of the 12th Inſtant, mention, that his Majeſty's Troops remain'd encamped there, but were held in conſtant Readineſs to march according to ſuch farther Intelligence as ſhould be received of the Motions of the Rebels.

Letters of the 9th from Berwick mention, that the Lord Juſtice Clerk, and Mr. Dundas, his Majeſty's Solicitor General, with others of his Majeſty's Servants in Scotland, who had retired into that Place, intended to ſet out as next Day upon their Return to Edinburgh, in order to reſume the Functions of their ſeveral Poſts.

And Letters of the 11th mention, that Lieutenant General Handaſyd intended to begin his March the next Day towards Edinburgh, and to take with him Price's and Ligonier's Regiments of Foot, and the two Regiments of Hamilton's and Ligonier's Dragoons.

The following Account of the Motions of the Rebels from the 7th to the 10th Inſtant, was received by the ſame Expreſs.

On Thurſday the 7th of November, the Rebels march'd from Hawick to Halyhaugh, where the Pretender's Son lay that Night.

On Friday the 8th they marched; Part of the Cavalry to Longholm, and Infantry to Cannoby, on the Scotch Side, and the reſt of the Cavalry croſſed the River and lay at Longtown, and the Pretender's Son lay at Mr. David Murray's at Ridding.

On Saturday the 9th they marched towards Rowcliff, where they croſſed the River within four Miles of Carliſle, and thence purſued their March to Murray's on Brough Side, where they lay that Night, about four Miles Southward of Carliſle. And that Afternoon, Part of the Corps which took the Route by Moffat, with the Artillery, join'd them, and all the reſt next Day, except about 200, which could not join before the 11th.

On Sunday the 10th, Part of their Corps approach'd the Walls of Carliſle, firſt bending towards the Iriſh Gate, but afterwards march'd round to the Engliſh Gate, in order to reconnoitre the Place as it was judged, during which Motions they were fired at from both Town and Caſtle, and it was ſuppoſed they intended to make a vigorous Attack in the Night between the 10th and the 11th, the firing continuing till Midnight.

On the ſame Day the two Regiments commanded by Lord Ogilvy and Gordon of Glenbuckett, croſs'd the River, about two Miles above Rowcliff, at which Time they were counted, and found both together to make up but 400 Men.

Whitehall, November 15.

A Letter dated the 12th Inſtant, from Mr. Thomas Pattinſon, Mayor of Carliſle, brings Advice, that on Saturday Night, the 9th Inſtant, that City was ſurrounded by about 9000 Highlanders; that at Three o'Clock that Afternoon, he the Mayor had received a Meſſage from them, to provide Billets for 13000 Men, and to be ready that Night; which he refuſed. That the next Day, at Three in the Afternoon, he received a Meſſage in Writing from the Perſon ſtiling himſelf Prince Charles, and ſubſcribed *Charles P. R.* in the following Words:

Charles Prince of Wales, Regent of the Kingdoms of England, Scotland, France, and Ireland, and the Dominions thereunto belonging.

BEING come to recover the King our Father's juſt Rights, for which we are arrived with all his Authority, we are ſorry to find that you ſhould prepare to obſtruct our Paſſage: We therefore, to avoid the Effuſion of Engliſh Blood, hereby require you to open your Gates, and let us enter, as we deſire, in a peaceable Manner; which if you do, we ſhall take Care to preſerve you from any Inſult, and ſet an Example to all England of the Exactneſs with which we intend to fulfil the King our Father's Declarations and our own: But if you ſhall refuſe us Entrance, we are fully reſolved to force it by ſuch Means as Providence has put into our Hands, and then it will not perhaps be in our Power to prevent the dreadful Conſequences which uſually attend a Town's being taken by Aſſault. Conſider ſeriouſly of this, and let me have your Anſwer within the Space of two Hours, for we ſhall take any farther Delay as a peremptory Refuſal, and take our Meaſures accordingly.

November the 10th, 1745.
Two in the Afternoon.

For the Mayor of Carliſle.

That he the Mayor had returned no Anſwer thereto but by firing the Cannon upon them: That the ſaid Pretended Prince, the Duke of Perth, with ſeveral other Gentlemen, lay within a Mile or two of the City; but that their whole Army was, at the Time of diſpatching the above Advice, marched for Brampton, ſeven Miles on the high Road to Newcaſtle.

Whitehall, November 16.

By Advices from the North of the 12th at Night there are Accounts, that the main Body of the Rebels marched upon the 11th to Brampton. The Pretender's Son lodged on the 9th at Night at Murray's, a little Village Three Miles Weſt of Carliſle, on the 10th at Night at Blackhall, Three Miles South of Carliſle, and was at Warwick-Caſtle by Ten o'Clock on the 11th. A Body of the Rebels which the Garriſon took for the Rear Guard, appeared the ſame Day upon Stanwix Bank, but the Guns firing upon them, they fled in great Haſte. The ſame Night this Body took up their Quarters at Rickarby, and at ſeveral Villages near it upon the North Side of the River Eden; but receiving an Expreſs ordering them to march to Brampton without Loſs of Time, they ſet out immediately from thence, but were not able to march above a Mile and a half that Night, their Carriage Horſes having failed them. Some Straglers had been brought into Carliſle, and two Carriages laden with Biſcuit. Upon the 12th the Rebels remained at Brampton, Warwick Bridge, and the Villages between thoſe two Places. They gave out that their whole Army was to join that Night, and that they had Orders to hold themſelves in Readineſs to march at Ten o'Clock, upon the 13th. They had Sixteen Field Pieces along with them, and ſeem'd to be greatly ſurprized that the Town of Carliſle had not ſurrendred upon their Appearance before it the Sunday before.

Whitehall, November 16.

The following Intelligence was received this Morning from Penrith in the County of Cumberland, dated the 13th Inſtant.

The Rebels who continued before Carliſle from Saturday 'till Monday laſt, retreated with their Carriages and 16 Field Pieces to Brampton, Eight Miles Eaſt from thence. They have continued there, and have been collecting their Forces till Nine this Morning.

Two Perſons of good Character came to Penrith at Five this Evening, and declared they ſaw a large Body of the Rebels, which they gave out to be 7000, moving from Brampton to Carliſle, and heard Numbers of them declare they were going to beſiege it in Form. That the Rebels forced four Carpenters to go along with them from Brampton, in order (as they ſaid) to aſſiſt in erecting Batteries. The ſaid two Perſons further added, that the Guns of the Garriſon of Carliſle were firing very briskly, as they came on the Road hither. Numbers of Perſons, who have likewiſe been at Brampton from Penrith, are returned, and all agree as to the March of the Rebels and their Artillery from Brampton towards Carliſle. The Rebels have been felling Wood all this Day in Corby and Warwick Parks, for the Repairs of their Carriages, as they give out, and making Batteries and Scaling Ladders.

Whitehall, November 16.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to order a Body of Troops, conſiſting of three Regiments of Horſe, Two of Dragoons, and Fifteen of Foot, to march forthwith towards Lancaſhire, under the Command of Lieutenant General Sir John Ligonier, in order to oppoſe the Progreſs of the Rebels; and ſeveral of the ſaid Regiments have been for ſome Days paſt actually in March from their reſpective Quarters accordingly.

General Poſt-Office, London, Nov. 12, 1745.

Whereas a Number of Pacquet Boats have been, for ſome Time paſt, appointed, and are now almoſt prepared to take on board of them His Majeſty's Mails of Letters and Packets for the Weſt-Indies;

Publick Notice is hereby given to all Merchants, and all others in general whom it may concern, That all Letters and Packets for the Iſlands of Jamaica, Barbadoes, Antegoa, Montſerrat, Nevis, and St. Chriſtophers, will, for the Time to come, be taken in and received, at this Office, upon the Tueſday, Thurſday and Saturday of every Week of the Year throughout, upon their being paid for after the Rates ſettled by Act of Parliament, viz.

	s.	d.
For a Single Letter,	1	6
A Double Letter,	3	0
A Treble Letter,	4	6
An Ounce,	6	0

And farther Notice is hereby given, That the Mails to contain the Bags of Letters, for the ſeveral Iſlands above, will be conſtantly made up at this Office, upon the laſt Saturday of every Month of the Year, to commence the laſt Saturday of this preſent Month, in order

der to be forwarded by the Poſt of that Night to Falmouth, where the ſaid Pacquets are to be ſtationed, and from whence they are, in Turn, to ſail for the Weſt-Indies as aforeſaid, Wind and Weather permitting, upon the Thurſday next after the laſt Saturday of every Month of the Year.

Letters or Packets for the Weſt-Indies will be taken in at the ſeveral Receiving-Houſes in Town, and Poſt-Houſes in the Country.

N. B. The full Port or Poſtage of the above Letters and Package muſt be paid into this Office, at the Time of Delivery, or they will not be forwarded from hence.

The ſame is to be underſtood of ſuch of them as are or may be put into Receiving-Houſes in Town, or Offices in the Country.

The Inland-Poſtage to London muſt be alſo paid for all Weſt India Letters from the Country, or they will not be forwarded.

By Command of the Poſt Maſter-General,
George Shelvocke, *Secretary.*

Victualling-Office, Nov. 11, 1745.

The Commiſſioners for Victualling his Majeſty's Navy give Notice, That on Wedneſday the 4th of December next in the Forenoon, they will be ready to receive Propoſals from ſuch Perſons as ſhall be willing to furniſh Prime Brown Eaſt Country Malt, or Malt of equal Goodneſs, to be delivered at his Majeſty's Brewhouſe at South Down near Plymouth, free of all Charge and Riſque to the Crown, in ſuch Proportions, and at ſuch Times as ſhall be appointed. And the Perſons making Propoſals, are deſired to bring or ſend large Samples with them.

A Quarterly General Court of the Governors of the Bount, of Queen Anne, for the Augmentation of the Maintenance of the Poor Clergy, will be held at their Office in Dean's Yard, Weſtminſter, on Monday the 2d of December next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon.

Notice is hereby given to the Petty Officers and Seamen who were on board his Majeſty's Ship Solebay, at the Time of the Capture of the Spaniſh Regiſter Ship the Concordio, that they may receive their reſpective Shares of the Third and Fourth Payment of the ſaid Prize, (the Third Payment being for their Share of the Money found in breaking up the Ship, and the ſecreted Money found in the Indigo, and the Fourth Payment being for Proceeds of the Indigo) at Mr. Richard Bowery's Houſe in Chequer Yard without Aldgate, on Wedneſday the 4th of December next, between the Hours of Ten in the Morning, and Two in the Afternoon; and that thence forward the Shares that ſhall not then have been paid, may be received at the ſame Place the firſt and ſecond Wedneſday in every ſucceeding Month.

Adverti ſements.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Daniel de Ligne, late of Harlaxton, in the County of Lincoln, Eſq; whoſe Debts are ſecured by Indenture of Releaſe, dated the 15th Day of April 1710, are to come in and prove their reſpective Debts before Edmund Sawyer, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, on or before the 12th Day of December next enſuing, or in Default thereof, they will be peremptorily excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of John Floyd, late of Little Bloxwick in the County of Stafford, Yeoman, deceaſed, are forthwith to come in before Edmund Sawyer, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, and prove their reſpective Debts before him, or in Default thereof, they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

LOST on Monday the 9th of September 1745, from the White Horſe Inn at Cripplegate, or betwixt that and Newcaſtle upon Tyne, a Box, directed for the Rev. Mr. Robert Elliſſon at Newcaſtle upon Tyne, with a Cloth Gown and Caſſock, Pud Sleeve and Buttons before, and a Prince's Stuff Caſſock, all of a large Size; and a Prince's Stuff Gown and Caſſock, with a Maſter of Arts Sleeve, of a ſmall Size. Whoever will deliver them uninjured to the ſaid Mr. Elliſſon, or to Mark Child, Robe-maker in Biſhops Court, Chancery-Lane, ſhall be paid Eight Guineas, and no Queſtions ask'd, by me,
Mark Child.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Katherine Bridgeman, late of Cavendiſh-ſquare in the County of Middleſex, Widow, deceaſed, are forthwith to come in and prove their Debts before Anthony Allen, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Houſe in Breame's Buildings, Chancery-lane, or in Default thereof, they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

TO be peremptorily ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Samuel Burroughs, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Chancery-Lane, to the beſt Purchaſer or Purchaſers, on Thurſday the 12th of December next, between the Hours of Five and Seven in the Afternoon, The Eſtate of Sir Orlando Bridgman, Bart. called Bowood Park, near Calne in the County of Wilts. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

TO be peremptorily ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Anthony Allen, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Houſe in Breame's Buildings, Chancery-Lane, on Saturday the 30th Day of November inſtant, between Five and Six in the Afternoon, A Freehold Eſtate at Calverton in Buckinghamſhire, conſiſting of a Farm-houſe with an Orchard, and ſeveral Pieces of Arable and Meadow Ground, lett to Mathew Jenkinſon and James Rand, at 91. 6s. 8. per Annum. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Houſe.

TO be peremptorily ſold, (together or in Parcels) purſuant to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, before William Kinaſton, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, on Friday the 29th of November inſtant, between Five and Six of the Clock in the Afternoon, The Intereſt of the Executors of Henry Bedell, deceaſed, in three Leaſehold Houſes in Marine Square, Boat Alley, and Well-ſtreet in Middleſex; and in two Leaſehold Houſes in Nicol-ſtreet, Bethnal Green, in the ſame County. Particulars may be had at the Maſter's Chambers.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Robert Eldridge the Elder, of Sunbury in the County of Middleſex, Carpenter and Timber-merchant, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 23d and 30th of November inſtant, and on the 28th of December next at Three in the Afternoon on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the ſecond Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Richard Brown, Attorney, in Duke-ſtreet, Weſtminſter.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Robert Chandler, of Fleet-ſtreet, London, Grocer, have certified to the Right Hon. Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Robert Chandler hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 7th of December next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Giles Shurmer, of the Borough of Devizes in the County of Wilts, Woolſtapler and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Giles Shurmer hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, That by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 7th of December next.

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